The Importance of Interregional Refueling Availability to the Purchase Decision Working Paper: CD-ITS-WP-09-01

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SUSTAINABLE TRANSPORTATION ENERGY PATHWAYS

An Institute of Transportation Studies Program

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How Many Alt Fuel Stations do You Need, and Where do You Put Them?

- There are at least two answers to this question
 - Wherever they will get the most usage
 - Wherever they will convince the greatest number of people to buy vehicles
- Many cite high usage as the primary justification for station construction
- However the value of a station that is infrequently used may not be predicated solely on the frequency of usage

Research Question

➤ What effect does expanding the number of destinations (independent of usage) have on the attractiveness of an alternative fuel vehicle?

Methods

- Administered a survey trading off purchase price with refueling availability (pretest only)
- Respondents could make their own refueling network
- Stations were ranked in importance
- Vehicle was assumed to use a petroleum derived fuel incompatible with gasoline/diesel technology
- ► Fuel price, range, performance etc. same as for a gasoline vehicle

Map Questionnaire

- Instructions:
- Draw your activity space consisting of roads and areas you are familiar with
- Place station 1 near your residence
- Place stations 2-10
 in rank order to
 enable travel to the
 most important
 places in your
 activity space
 - navigate
 - draw polygon
 - drag feature



Activity Space Functions

Erase and Redo

Modify

Online Survey – Fix a Price You Will Likely Spend on Your Next Vehicle



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Consid	dering a Vehicle Purchase
r. Gonsie	4.02 Please put your price range for the next new or used vehicle you are considering (Example: \$10,000-15,000). Minimum: \$ Maximum: \$
	4.03 Now take your price range and choose a value in-between that represents the most likely price you expect to pay within the above range. Most likely price: \$
	4.04 Imagine the vehicle you are most likely to replace were being repaired, and were not available. If you needed to make a trip more than 50 miles away and transit were not available, what alternative would you choose to make the trip? Choose only one of the following
	Use one of the other vehicles I or my spouse own Borrow a friend's vehicle Rent a vehicle Other No answer

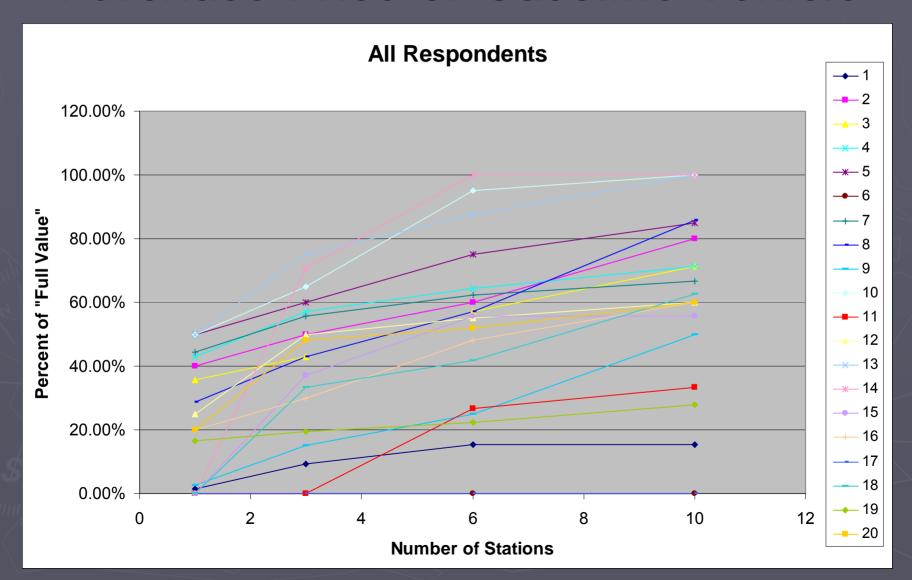
Online Survey – Make Tradeoffs Based on Number of Refueling Locations

.06 ONE STATION
.07 Would you accept a vehicle that could fuel at only ONE station near your home if the ehicle were given to you at no cost in place of the vehicle you are considering buying in he future? O Yes O No O No answer
.08 What is the maximum price you would pay for a vehicle that you could only refuel at NE station near your home in place of the vehicle you are considering buying in the Iture? (Example: \$7000 would mean you would pay \$7000 for this vehicle with limited efueling, but not \$7001.)
.09 TEN STATIONS
.09 TEN STATIONS10 Looking at your map, would you accept a vehicle that could fuel at all <i>TEN</i> stations ou indicated if the vehicle were given to you at <i>no cost</i> in place of the vehicle you are onsidering buying in the future?
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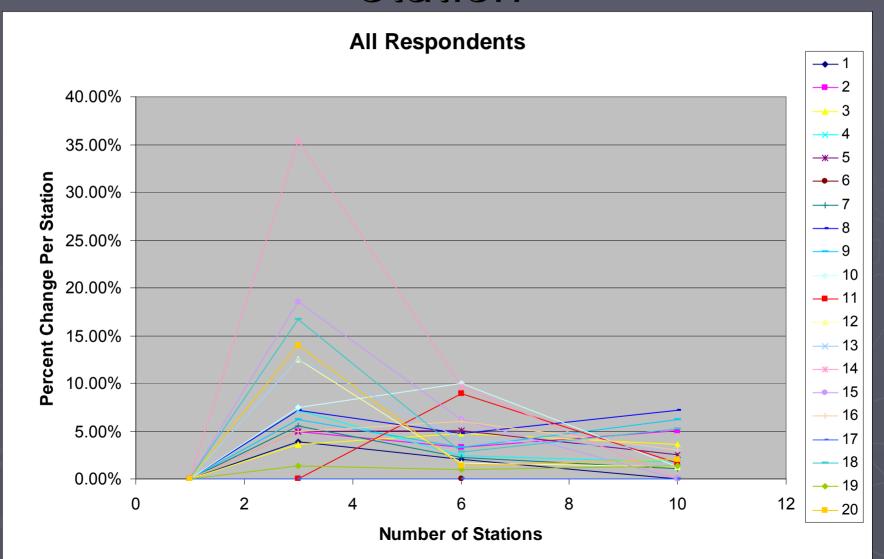
Respondents

- Convenience sample of 20 University Employees
- ▶ 12 live in Davis, 8 outside Davis
- ▶8 women, 12 men
- > 9 one vehicle households
- ▶ 11 multi-vehicle households

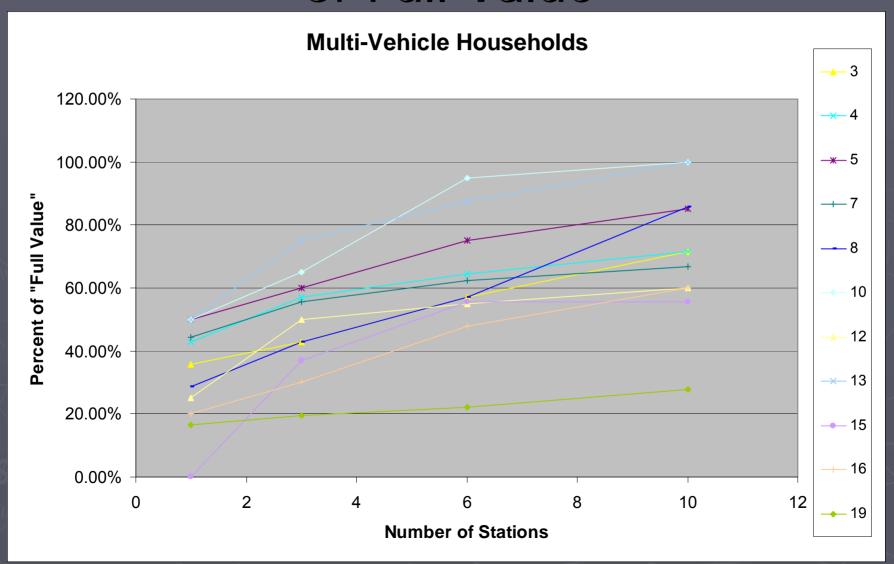
All Respondents – Percent of Purchase Price of Gasoline Vehicle



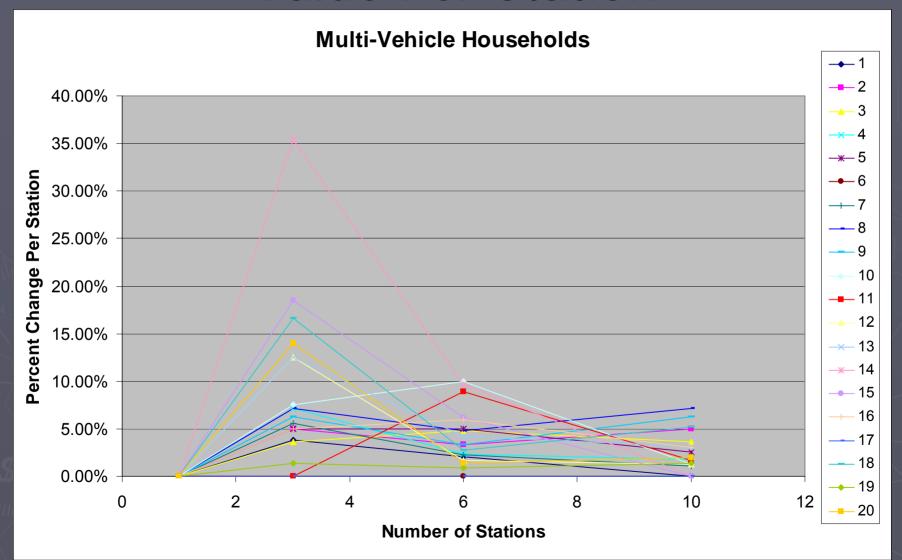
All Respondents – Marginal Value Per Station



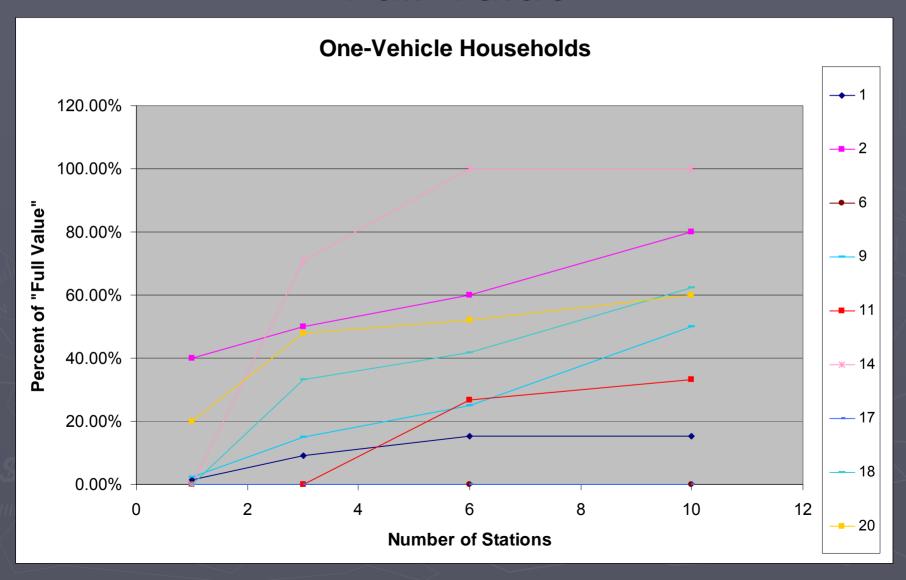
Multi Vehicle Households – Percent of Full Value



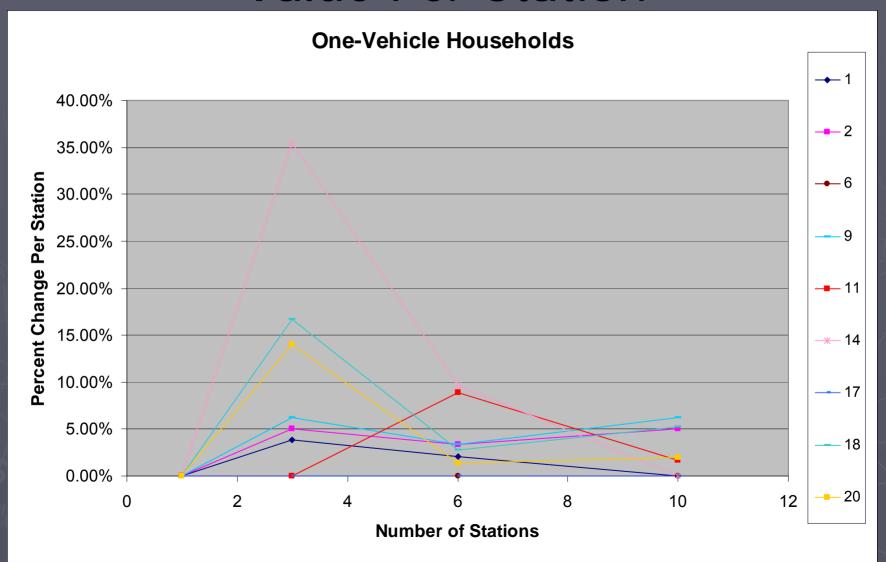
Multi-vehicle Households – Marginal Value Per Station



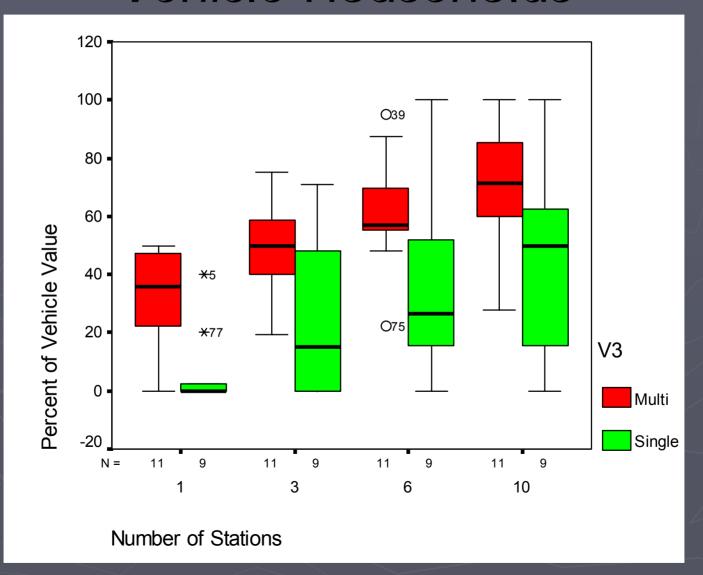
One-vehicle Households – Percent of Full Value



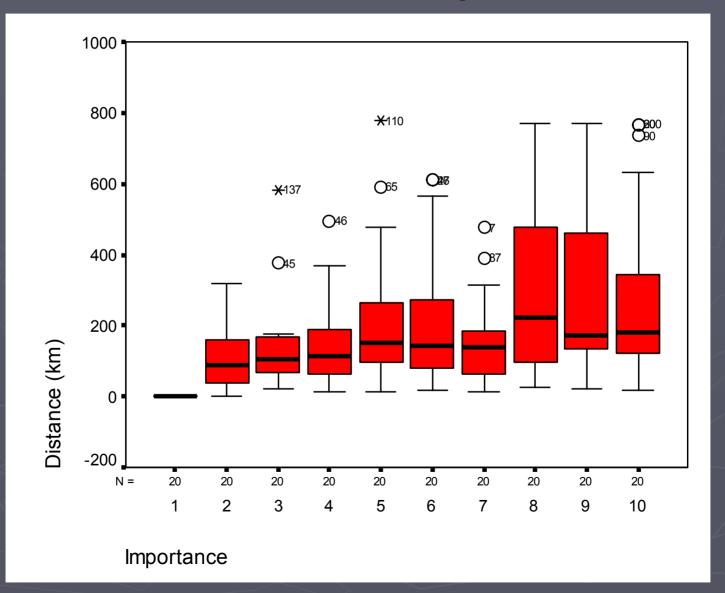
One-vehicle Households – Marginal Value Per Station



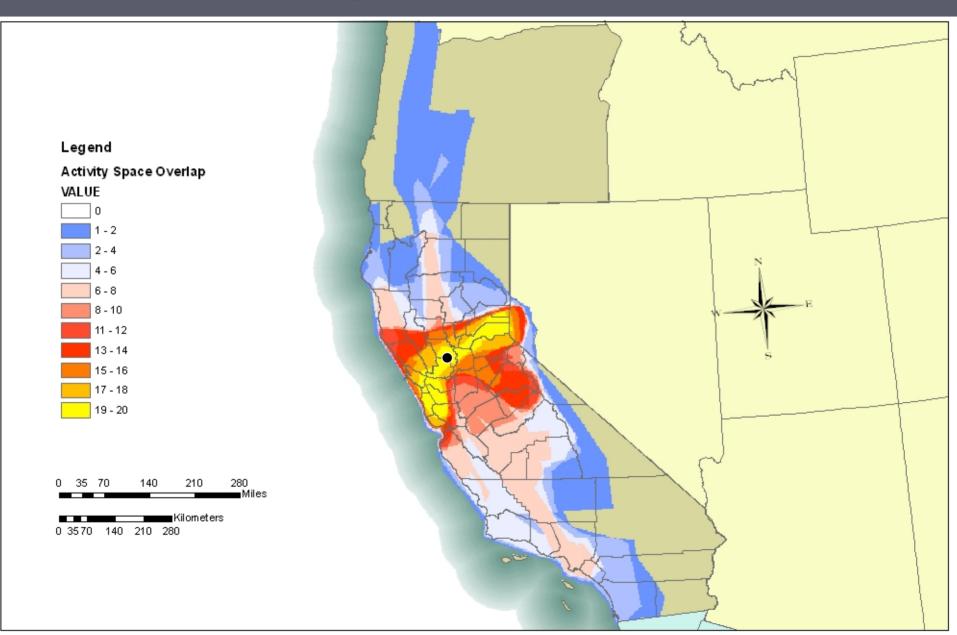
Comparison of Multi and Single-Vehicle Households



Distance vs. Importance



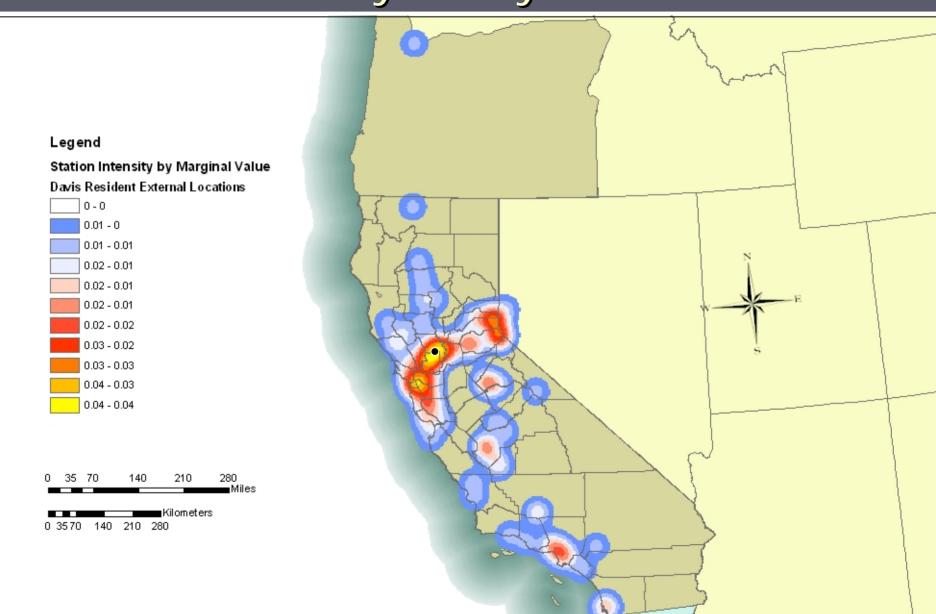
Activity Space Overlap



Station Intensity by Marginal Value



Station Intensity - Only Davis Residents



Initial Indications

- Multi-vehicle households find much greater value in a vehicle with a limited infrastructure.
- One station in one's hometown results in a vehicle retaining 20%-50% of its value for multi vehicle households. Mostly zero for one vehicle households.
- ▶ 10 station networks providing mobility throughout one's activity space results in a vehicle retaining 55%-100% of its value for multi vehicle households. 0% to 100% for one vehicle households.
- Infrequently visited weekend spots have a noticeable effect on initial attractiveness of a vehicle

Limitations of The Method

- The general population is notoriously unreliable in stated response surveys about refueling availability
 - No experience using a vehicle with limited refueling
 - No real monetary consequences for survey choices
- Some ambiguity in the questions regarding activity space and station placement

Future Work

- Pretest again
- Do a full scale survey
- Modify the survey for CNG drivers assuming they know better how to make the tradeoff valuation

Acknowledgements

- ► STEPS program and sponsors
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